



WHEREAS it has been long a matter of grief to every serious and enlightened person, to behold the deplorable ignorance of the rising generation, especially the poorer sort, for want of proper means of instruction; and seeing that one of the most effectual methods under God, to remove this great evil, is to put them in the way of becoming acquainted with the Doctrine of the everlasting Gospel, as well by private instruction in the great Truth of the Christian Religion, as by causing them to be brought under the publick Ministration of the Word: And whereas many Parents are so poor as not to be able, and others so wicked or indifferent as not to be willing, to be at any expence for the education of their poor Children. From these and other considerations it appears very expedient that the most effectual step, in humble dependance on the Divine Blessing, should be taken to instil into the tender minds of such Children those principles deduced from the Word of God, which (under the influence of the Holy Spirit) may be the blessed means of subduing the workings of their corrupt nature, and preventing them from falling into the Sink of Profligacy, Debauchery, and Infidelity: and of making them early acquainted with the way of salvation by the Blood and Righteousness of Jesus, and the necessity of Regeneration by the Holy Spirit. Whilst these means are made a proper use of, and are adopted and pursued with a single Eye to the Glory of God, we may humbly hope for the Lord's Blessing: and whilst we are thus

using our humble efforts to train up those poor Children in the way they should go, we may expect a fulfilment of the promise, that, when they are old, they shall not depart from it. If we are thus happily the Instruments in God's Hand, of their becoming useful Members of Society, of their being established in the fundamental Principles of the protestant Religion, and above all of their knowing those holy Scriptures from their Childhood, which are able to make them wise unto salvation, through faith which is in Christ Jesus: our end will be effectually answered. And we hope the attempt we are now engaged in of establishing a School, on the Principles above mentioned, for the instruction of the poorest Children, will meet with the Encouragement and Assistance of our own Congregation in particular, and of Christians of every denomination in general; who have the real good of the rising Generation at heart, and whose Contributions on this occasion, according to their circumstances, will be most gratefully accepted by the Promoters of this Charity in general.

BATH, MAY 16, 1784.



BATH, May 10, 1784.

AT a Meeting held this Day at the Vestry-Room belonging to the Countess of HUNTINGDON's Chapel, by her Ladyship and Committee (appointed for the management of the temporal affairs belonging to the same) the following Resolutions were proposed and unanimously agreed to, viz.

I.

THAT a Subscription be immediately opened for the Education of poor Children in the Protestant Religion, at the Countess of Huntingdon's Chapel.

II.

That the Master be a person that has a Ministerial Gift, and qualified to assist in reading Prayers: And in case of indisposition or absence of a Rotation Minister, to do the whole service, by which means we shall never be disappointed of the Ordinances.

III.

That the Mistress of the said School be a person properly qualified for the Education of the Girls.

IV.

That the Master and Mistress be chosen and appointed by her Ladyship and Committee of the said Chapel for the time being, who shall hereby become responsible for the Qualifications of the said Master and Mistress, to the rest of the Subscribers.

V.

That the Committee meet at the Vestry Room of the Chapel the first Monday in every Month, from six to eight in the evening,

to transact the Business of the said School, three Members to constitute a Board.

VI.

That the Children be well grounded in the principles of the Christian Religion in general, and the Doctrine of the Reformation in particular: and to this end, that they be not only catechised frequently in the School by the Teachers, but particularly in the Chapel, when the rotation Minister and Committee see fit.

VII.

That the Children be required to attend Divine Service at the Chapel every Lord's Day, morning and evening, and to meet in the School before Service, to be conducted by the Master and Mistress to the said Chapel in proper time.

VIII.

That the Boys are to be taught reading, writing and arithmetic: and the Girls to read, sew, mark and knit: and the six eldest Girls in rotation to be instructed in writing for one Year.

IX.

That no Children are to be admitted under the age of eight years, nor above the age of ten, and are to be educated for four years.

X.

That if any Child behaves refractory or disorderly, such Child after proper admonition continuing such conduct to be dismissed from the School; and the Subscriber that recommended that Child, to be informed of the dismissal, and the cause of it, and to have the privilege of nominating another Child, to continue to

the expiration of the term the Child so dismissed would have been entitled to, or longer if the Governors see fit.

XI.

That every Child on leaving the School at the proper time, be permitted to have the Bible and any other Books he or she had in use, whilst at school.

XII.

That in case of any complaint against the Teachers, or Children, by any five of the Subscribers attending the monthly Meeting of the Committee, such complaint will be heard, and redressed, if needs be, by her Ladyship and the Committee of the Chapel aforesaid.

XIII.

That every Subscriber be permitted to inspect the School and Children at pleasure.

XIV.

That the Children are required to be at the School from eight o'clock till twelve in the morning, and from two o'clock till five in the evening from *Lady Day* to *Michaelmas*; and from eight o'clock till eleven in the morning, and from one to four in the afternoon, from *Michaelmas* to *Lady Day*.

XV.

That every Subscriber of one Guinea a year may nominate one Child in rotation, the first Subscriber to begin such a nomination, and so on in order, till the number of Children be compleated; and the next nomination to take place in course, where the former ended: and that any two yearly Subscribers of half a Guinea each, may join in nominating a Child in rotation, in like manner as one Subscriber

Subscriber of a Guinea ; the Subscribers of half a Guinea in conjunction immediately to succeed the Subscribers of a Guinea, in rotation also as they respectively become Subscribers ; every such Subscriber of half a Guinea as it comes to his or her turn in priority of subscription, to propose any other Subscriber of a like sum to join in the nomination, provided such other Subscriber has not already joined in a nomination.

XVI.

That the Subscribers be desired to pay their respective Subscriptions Quarterly at the Vestry Room.

XVII.

That the Treasurer appointed for this purpose be Mr. *James Beale*.

XVIII.

That the Treasurer pay the Master and Mistress their respective Salaries quarterly, viz. at *Michaelmas, Christmas, Lady Day,* and *Midsummer*.

XIX.

That the Master be allowed £40. a year ; and the Mistress £20. a year for their respective Salaries.

XX.

That the Master be required to teach as many Boys, and the Mistress as many Girls for their respective Salaries as her Ladyship and the Committee think fit.

XXI.

That the Master and Mistress begin and end the day with Prayer, and reading a chapter out of the Bible.

XXII. That

XXII. That a Dwelling House, School Room and Fire for the School; Books, Paper, Pens and Ink, be provided out of the Subscription, at the discretion of her Ladyship and Committee afore said.

XXIII.

That a general Meeting of the Subscribers be held annually on the first Monday after *Midsummer Day*, at the School House, when the Committee are to lay before them the Account of Receipts and Payments, and the then State of the said School.

XXIV.

That any Donations of Bibles and Testaments, for the use of the Children will be thankfully accepted.

